Pharo 64bits

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Why we need 64bits Pharo?

- Because most systems nowadays are 64bits, and while they offer 32bits compatibility, it is not the best (special with linux, where compatibility may not be trivial).
- Because applications need to allocate more than 2G memory.
- Because not all libraries can be compiled/accessed on 32bits versions.
- ... and because otherwise we are behind history ;)

The OpenSmalltalk-VM

- All vm-dev collaborators re-united under the "benevolent dictatorship" of Eliot (even if he would reject that appellation).
- Eliot made most of 64bits JIT for Linux and macOS
- Nicolas Cellier is working on the JIT for Windows
- Not trivial because in Windows sizeof(long) != 8

Bootstrap 64bits

- Pharo 6.0: Integration happens in 32bits and then a process is executed to create a 64bits image.
- Pharo 7.0: Both images will be bootstrapped separately.



FFI 64bits

- FFI backend was moved early this year.
- Is different between platforms
 - SysV: Linux, macOS
 - Win64: Windows
- But both are done :)



UFFI 64bits

- UFFI was designed from scratch to be "64bits compatible" (waiting for the right time)
- But we still need to adapt some things:
 - Structures and offsets
 - Structures and long sizes



UFFI and offsets

- Different sizes:
 - 32bits: FFIExternalType sizeOf: #FFITestStructure "28"
 - 64bits FFIExternalType sizeOf: #FFITestStructure "40"

 We need to calculate structure sizes each time you start the image (on first execution), then each structure also holds some OFFSET_FIELDNAME variables.

FFIExternalStructure subclass: #FFITestStructure

instanceVariableNames: "

classVariableNames: 'OFFSET_BYTE OFFSET_DOUBLE OFFSET_FLOAT OFFSET_INT64 OFFSET_LONG OFFSET_SHORT' package: 'UnifiedFFI-Tests'

double

"This method was automatically generated' **Ahandle doubleAt: OFFSET_DOUBLE**

double: anObject

"This method was automatically generated" handle doubleAt: OFFSET_DOUBLE put: anObject

UFFI and longs

- Windows sizeof(long) != Rest-of-the-world sizeof(long)
- Real problem of this is that FFI backend does not acknowledge this difference (and in fact, atomic types on FFI are a bit "old") when dealing with structures.
- But since UFFI is a layer that happens before a FFI call, we can do some nice stuff.



Migration

- Almost transparent (most things works "out of the box")
- Possible problems:
 - If you used long instead void*, this will not be right when Windows VM 64bits will arrive.
 - Some libraries have different structure definitions for each platform. You will need to use a strategy to solve this.
 - Some people/tools prefers to use #FFIInt32 instead plain "int" or "long". You need to be as close to the C definition as possible.



Libraries currently supported

- All FFI functions in Pharo "just works"
- Athens
- SDL2
- libgit2: partially, to be finished soon(™)





wget -O- get.pharo.org/64/60+vm | bash

wget -O- get.pharo.org/64/60+vmT | bash

just play with it!



Thanks!

